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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/658,576 09/09/2003		Henry L. Mei	0020-OS (UNI171US-B)	3428
43246 7	7590 08/10/2004		EXAMINER	
GEAM - SILICONES - 60SI IP LEGAL			YOON, TAE H	
ONE PLASTICS AVENUE PITTSFIELD, MA 01201-3697			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1714	

DATE MAILED: 08/10/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/658,576	MEI ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Tae H Yoon	1714			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
1)☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a)☐ This action is FINAL. 2b)☒ This 3)☐ Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E	- action is non-final. ice except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
 4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 16-20 is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-4 and 7-15 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 5 and 6 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction. 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)					

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Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-15, drawn to a pigmented polymeric composition, classified in class 524 and 523, subclass 430+ and 212+, respectively.
- II. Claims 16-19, drawn to a silane surface treated white pigment, classified in class 106, subclass 400+.
- III. Claim 20, drawn to a silane and a polysiloxane surface treated white pigment, classified in class 106, subclass 400+.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and II (and III) are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because a white pigment can be surface treated with various silanes and/or siloxanes as evidenced by Group II and III. The subcombination has separate utility such as a paint composition.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different

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classification, and the search required for Group II and III is not required for Group I, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

During a telephone conversation with Ms. Pham on July 22, 2004 a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of Group I, claims 1-15. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 16-20 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-4, 7-12, 14 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Chino et al (US 6,096,829).

Chino et al teach a composition comprising a polyolefin, a lubricant and a pigment coated with epoxysilanes in abstract and at col. 8, lines 11-31.

Lubricants such as paraffinic oil or polydimethylsiloxane (col. 7, lines 23-43) and white pigments such as titanium dioxide, mica or kaolin (col. 8, lines 11-19) are taught. Chino et al also teach employing a polar group-containing polymer at col. 9, lines 18-63 and col. 11, lines 43-46 and in tables 2-3, 2-4, 2-6, 2-9, 2-12 and 2-15, and said polar group-containing polymer meets the instant compatibilizer. Thus, the instant invention lacks novelty.

Claims 1-4 and 7-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Chino et al (US 6,096,829) in view of Campbell et al (US 5,853,809), Cruse et al (US 6,635,700), JP 406200101 or Bunger et al (US 3,689,300).

The instant invention further recites an isocyanato functional silane and an amount of a silane over Chino et al. However, the use of silane coupling agents having such isocyanato functional group (such as Silquist A1310) for inorganic particles is a routine practice as taught by Campbell et al, col. 8, lines 1-21.

Cruse et al (abstract) and JP (abstract) teach mercapto functional silane coupling

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agents. Bunger et al teach the use of 0.25 to 10 wt.% of silane coupling agents at col. 5, lines 5-11.

It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of invention to utilize Silquist A1310 of Campbell et al or mercapto functional silane coupling agents of Cruse et al and JP in Chino et al since Chino et al teach employing any known silane coupling agents, or to utilize the instant amount of silane coupling agents on white pigment of Chino et al with teaching of Bunger et al since the use of such amount is a routine practice.

Claims 5 and 6 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tae H Yoon whose telephone number is (571) 272-1128. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thu.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vasu Jagannathan can be reached on (571) 272-1119. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Tae H Yoon Primary Examiner

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THY/August 4, 2004